South Carolina Deer Antler Records 2018

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Ι.	Background	
	History of White-tailed Deer In South Carolina	3
2.	South Carolina White-tailed Deer Antler Records Program,	
	Scoring System, About the Records List, Comments	
	on Score Year 2018	5
3.	Entries for the 2018 Scoring Period	
	South Carolina Typical White-tailed Deer	9
4.	Entries for the 2018 Scoring Period	
	South Carolina Non-typical White-tailed Deer	. 16
5.	Top 100 All-time South Carolina	
	Typical White-tailed Deer	.17
6.	Top 50 All-time South Carolina	
	Non-typical White-tailed Deer	.20
7.	South Carolina County Totals All-time	.22
8.	Official Score Sheets for Measuring Antlers	. 24
9.	Example of Antler Records Program Certificate	.28

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Introduction and Background

The white-tailed deer (*Odocoileus virginianus*) is the premier big game species in the United States and annually, millions of sportsmen take to the woods in pursuit of the deer with a flag-like tail. Curiously, white-tailed deer hold some fascination for most people regardless of whether or not they actually hunt deer. This fascination may stem from the importance of deer in the development of our country or maybe it is due to the animals' shy nature and overall beauty. In either case, humans are always impressed to catch a glimpse of a white-tailed deer.

White-tailed deer are members of the cervid family which is represented in the United States by four genera; Cervus (elk), Alces (moose), Odocoileus (mule deer and white-tailed deer), and Rangifer (caribou). In the modern form, white-tailed deer originated in America perhaps 8-12 million years ago and currently the species' range extends from southern Canada through the United States and Mexico and into northern South America. In pre-Columbian times it is estimated that there were approximately 30 million white-tailed deer in the United States and although deer numbers had declined a great deal by 1800 there was still an abundance of deer. However, during the period 1800-1900 heavy commercial exploitation of deer for meat and hides coupled with habitat destruction, poor land use practices, and an ever increasing human population caused deer numbers to plummet to around 500,000 by the turn of the 20th century. Thanks to legislation in the early 1900's that provided protection for wildlife and funding for wildlife management, white-tailed deer numbers have again increased to over 20 million nationwide. Deer hunting represents a significant recreational as well as financial resource in many states.

History of White-tailed Deer in South Carolina

In pre-Columbian times much of South Carolina's landscape was composed of mature hardwood and longleaf pine forest habitats. Deer were statewide in distribution but their overall densities could best be described as moderate. These moderate densities resulted from the lack of optimum habitat diversity for deer that was associated with historic, mature forests. Also, predators like the cougar, red wolf and American Indian helped to keep deer numbers regulated. Higher deer densities occurred in areas where disturbance created early stages of ecological succession. These disturbed areas provided an abundance of new, succulent growth close to the forest floor and within reach of browsing deer. Deer became locally abundant in areas where disturbance opened the forest canopy and allowed sunlight to penetrate and stimulate new growth. Natural disturbances that opened the forest canopy included lightning

fires, tornadoes, and hurricanes. The impact of a storm like Hurricane Hugo on pre-Columbian forests would have created an immense area suitable for an abundance of deer. Similarly, the native American Indians understood this relationship and used fire frequently to create habitat suitable for larger numbers of deer

The coming of the colonists had little immediate negative impacts on white-tailed deer. Although firearms facilitated the harvest of greater numbers of deer, clearing of land for small communities and farms created habitats that allowed for increased numbers of deer. Overall, during the early colonial period there was a general equilibrium between the colonists' (and Indians') use of deer and the benefits that deer populations received. However, by the 1800's the value associated with deer, improvements in firearms, extensive agriculture, and unrestricted market hunting began to severely limit deer and herds declined drastically in South Carolina. Domestic use of deer hides was great and in addition, annual exports of deer hides from Charleston approached 150,000 during the mid-to-late 1700's. The terms "buck', "doe", and "skin" persist to this day as monetary references reflecting the historic value of deer in our heritage.

The early 1900's marked the low point for deer in South Carolina as it did across the country. However, due to public concern for conservation things began to change in a positive direction for deer. The Lacy Act was passed by Congress in 1900 placing regulations on the interstate trafficking of wildlife and, in 1923, South Carolina passed the buck law which prohibited the harvest of female deer. In 1937, Congress passed a sweeping piece of legislation called the Wildlife Restoration Act or Pittman-Robertson Act. This act, named for the senator and congressman who sponsored it, authorized the setting apart of a tax on sporting arms and ammunition to be used in cooperation with states in wildlife restoration projects.

Also important to the recovery of deer in South Carolina were widespread changes in habitat that benefited deer. Although clearing for agriculture was greatly responsible for low deer numbers by 1900, the habitat began to change for the better in the 1920's. Years of significant drought and the impact of the cotton boll weevil were devastating to farming. With this reduction in farming came a trend of people leaving farms prior to and especially after World War II. Mills began to operate in many parts of the state and a large amount of agricultural land began reverting to forest land. So at that time there were laws that offered protection for deer, funds to implement wildlife management and research, and habitat improvements all of which set the stage for the recovery of

white-tailed deer in South Carolina.

Although delayed by World War II, restocking efforts began in earnest in the early 1950's. At that time, deer were virtually non-existent in the piedmont and mountains of South Carolina and there was little if any deer hunting in those areas. Fortunately, good residual populations remained in the river swamps of the coastal plain and these strongholds of deer became the source for restocking. The fact that all restocking that took place in South Carolina used native deer as stock places South Carolina in a unique position with respect to genetic integrity. The characteristics of native South Carolina deer evolved due to environmental, behavioral and genetic pressures exerted for millions of years and we are lucky to have only native deer in South Carolina. Most, if not all, other states that had restocking programs received deer from other states.

In both the central and western piedmont, where deer were rare, wildlife biologists restocked approximately 100 deer during the early to mid-1950's. Deer numbers rapidly increased and by about 1960 the first deer hunts were held in these areas. In each case, the first hunt was a 3-day buck only hunt and in each case 1 buck was harvested. In contrast, the combined deer harvest from the Central and Western Piedmont Hunt Units in recent years has been approximately 75,000 deer annually. In much of the coastal plain, deer numbers were sufficient to allow hunting even when there was no hunting in the mountains and piedmont. Today, the statewide deer population is approximately 730,000. Huntable populations exist in all 46 counties in South Carolina and the annual statewide deer harvest is approximately 190,000.

South Carolina White-tailed Deer Antler Records Program

The South Carolina White-tailed Deer Antler Records Program began in the spring of 1974 and since that time, 7,229 sets of antlers (6,936 typical and 293 non-typical) have been officially entered onto the list. Initially, measuring sessions were only conducted a few times each spring, but since 1987 antler measuring sessions have been scheduled throughout the state with approximately 12 sessions occurring annually. Each year SCDNR wildlife biologists and wildlife technicians measure approximately 500 sets of antlers. Generally, only about one-third of the antlers that are measured make the Antler Records List with the bulk of entrants falling short of the minimum scores.

The purpose of the Antler Records Program is two-fold. First, because of the increased interest in deer hunting exhibited by sportsmen, it is a way to recognize outstanding white-tailed deer taken in South Carolina. Second, it

provides management information that allows SCDNR wildlife biologists to identify areas that produce quality deer. When particular areas stand out it is important to attempt to recognize the underlying characteristics that produce outstanding animals.

As deer populations have grown in South Carolina, it has become more apparent that deer herd density in a given area is related to the production of large deer. Typically, areas of the state that are known to have large numbers of deer do not produce as many large antlered deer as those areas with fewer deer. Even areas that have exceptional habitat can only support a certain number of deer before the quality of the animals begins to decline. During much of the 1980's, the statewide deer population and annual deer harvest were perhaps two-thirds of what they are today. However, a tremendous number of deer were harvested that made the records list. In fact, the period between 1982 and 1992 accounts for approximately 30 percent of all records even though the list contains records that date to the early 1900's. Over the long term, approximately one of every 800 white-tailed bucks harvested in South Carolina qualifies for the records list.

This addition of *South Carolina Deer Antler Records 2018* is based on activities conducted in the score year 2018. Antlers from deer that are taken in the fall are typically measured the following spring. For example, antlers from deer taken in the fall of 2017 were measured in the score year or spring of 2018. Antlers taken in other years may also be included in this publication since they were measured in 2018.

Measuring System

The state's antler measuring system is the same as that utilized by both the Boone & Crockett and Pope & Young Clubs which are recognized as the national organizations that record exceptional North American big game taken with firearms and archery equipment, respectively. The measuring system is based primarily on antler size and symmetry and includes measurements of the main beams, greatest inside spread of the beams, circumference measurements at certain designated locations, and the number and length of the points. To be counted as a point, a projection must be at least one inch long and it must be longer than it is wide at its base.

Deductions are made for points that arise abnormally from the main beams or from other points and for symmetrical differences between corresponding measurements on the right and left antlers. For non-typical antlers, abnormal

points are added to the score rather than being deducted as in the typical category. A set of antlers is classified as typical or non-typical based on its general conformation, the number of abnormal points, and a determination as to whether it will rank higher in the typical or non-typical category. Current minimum scores for the South Carolina Antler Records List are 125 typical points and 145 non-typical points. All antlers must undergo a minimum 60-day drying period before they can be officially measured. If a set of antlers meets the minimum score the record is added to the list and a certificate is issued recognizing the outstanding white-tailed deer taken in South Carolina.

About the Records List

The reader will notice that this publication contains a number of separate lists. The first two lists contain the records for typical and non-typical antlers that were documented during the spring 2018 measuring sessions only. Although most of these records represent deer harvested during the fall 2017 hunting season, some records were taken in previous years and were not officially measured until 2018. Separate rankings are presented for the score year (2018) and for all-time. These rankings reflect the position of the antlers compared to the other antlers measured during the year and as compared with all historical records.

The third and fourth lists contain the top 100 records for all-time in the typical category and the top 50 records for all-time in the non-typical category. These lists reflect the upper portion of all historical entries and each set of antlers is ranked as compared with the other antlers in the category.

The final list provides information related to the all-time production of antler records by county. The list is broken down by typical and non-typical and provides the rank for each county based on total number of historic entries, as well as, the county rank based on the number of entries in relationship to the size of the county in square miles.

The South Carolina Antler Records List is continually undergoing revisions and editing. Due to the size and nature of the list mistakes are inevitable. If you become aware of mistakes associated with the records list, please contact Antler Records, P.O. Box 167 Columbia, SC 29202 in writing. Proposed corrections will be considered after reviewing the original score sheet that is on file.

Comments on Score Year 2018

The most recent round of white-tailed deer antler measuring conducted by the S.C. Department of Natural Resources revealed 232 new records. Of the 477 sets of antlers measured this spring, 232 met the minimum score for entry on the state records list including 218 sets of typical and 14 non-typical racks. Although all of the records were not taken during the 2017 season, 195 were taken during the 2016 or 2017 season.

The top typical buck was a 152 1/8 inch buck taken by James Dobbins in Lexington County in November. The second and third highest scoring typical deer from 2017 were a 151 3/8 inch Anderson County buck taken by Jacob Davis in November and a 150 7/8 inch Oconee County buck taken by Zachary Hart in October. Netting 175 2/8 points, the top scoring non-typical buck was taken by Jacob Buckner in Aiken County last October.

Aiken County was this years' top producer of State Record entries with 21 followed by Oconee (12), Fairfield and Kershaw with 11 entries each, and Laurens, Orangeburg, and Pickens each with 9 entries. As far as all-time leaders at the county level, Orangeburg County remains at the top with 510 sets of antlers on the list. Rounding out the top five counties Orangeburg is followed by Aiken 508, Fairfield 291, Anderson 276, and Williamsburg with 263. On the other hand, if you account for the size of the county the top counties per unit area of harvest are Anderson, Abbeville, Aiken, Orangeburg, and Allendale.

Although some of the top counties have relatively high deer populations, some of these counties have more moderate numbers. It is important that hunters and land managers understand how the density of deer in an area affects the quality of the animals. Areas with fewer deer typically have better quality animals because natural food availability and nutritional quality is higher. Good nutrition is important in producing good antlers, but deer reproduction, recruitment and survival are also directly tied to nutrition. South Carolina's deer herd is in good condition, and after many years of rapid population growth the herd stabilized in the mid-1990s followed by a decreasing trend since about 2002. Statewide population estimates put the deer herd at about 730,000 animals with an estimated harvest of approximately 190,000 each of the last few years. Although the total deer harvest in South Carolina has been down the last few years, indications from the antler records program are that deer quality remains good. This would make sense because fewer deer in the population would benefit from increased nutrition.

South Carolina hunters should recognize that harvesting potential Boone and Crockett bucks is not a common occurrence anywhere in the country. This is particularly evident if you consider that there are only about 14,000 white-tailed deer records listed by Boone and Crockett, which includes entries dating to the 1800s. Similarly, the harvest of deer in the United States in recent years has been about 6 million per year. Essentially, the average hunter stands a better chance of being struck by lightning than harvesting one of these record deer.



South Carolina Typical White-Tailed Deer



Entries for the 2018 Scoring Period Minimum Score: 125

Score Year Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	All Time Rank
1	152 1/8	James R Dobbins	Lexington	11/2/2017	153
2	151 3/8	Jacob A Davis	Anderson	11/6/2017	169
3	150 7/8	Zachary D Hart	Oconee	10/18/2017	182
4	148 5/8	Frankie Bartlett	Kershaw	11/16/2017	263
5	148 4/8	Jacob Bowdler	Orangeburg	10/18/2017	270
6	148 1/8	Robert J Sturkie	Aiken	10/18/2017	287
7	148	Harold L Craig	Aiken	12/28/2004	292
8	147 7/8	Richie Williams	Williamsburg	11/14/2003	303
9	146	Billy J Hall	Orangeburg	11/20/2017	394
10	145 5/8	Cody Lemere	Oconee	11/26/2017	427
11	145	Billy J Poole	Calhoun	10/24/2016	476
11	145	Jimmy Todd	Georgetown	10/12/2017	476
13	144 3/8	Gary Honea	Aiken	10/18/2017	530
14	143 1/8	Michael D Kossover	Spartanburg	11/6/2017	643
15	143	Bradley C Willis	Laurens	10/23/2017	658
15	143	Carson A Griffin	Lancaster	10/24/2016	658
15	143	Zach J Phillips	Abbeville	10/13/2017	658
18	142 7/8	Blake Cantrell	Aiken	11/4/2017	671
19	142 6/8	Roger D Brownlee Jr	Dorchester	9/10/2017	688
19	142 6/8	Will Berry	Aiken	10/18/2017	688

Score Year Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	All Time Rank
21	142 4/8	Daniel W Jones	Barnwell	11/15/2015	725
22	142 3/8	Carter O Cathcart	Fairfield	10/20/2017	744
23	141 7/8	Ty Tilton	Williamsburg	10/12/2016	801
24	141 6/8	John L Duncan	Greenville	11/24/2011	820
25	141 5/8	Nathan Reynolds	Pickens	10/12/2017	828
26	141 3/8	Richard V Gregory	Calhoun	11/13/2017	855
27	141 2/8	Tony D Justus Jr	Oconee	11/1/2016	874
28	141 1/8	Wayne H Dyar	Anderson	11/5/2016	896
29	141	Chandler B Sayly	Bamberg	8/19/2017	914
30	140 5/8	Travis R Rushton	Edgefield	9/30/2017	968
31	140 4/8	Tyler H Craig	Aiken	11/7/2017	989
32	140	Davey A Roberts	Darlington	11/18/2017	1063
32	140	Jeff A Nunamacher	Newberry	10/1/2017	1063
34	139 2/8	Lisa H Stewart	Pickens	11/1/2011	1173
34	139 2/8	Stephen B Terry	Darlington	12/13/2017	1173
36	138 7/8	Found - Benjamin Jordan	Dorchester	11/2017	1249
36	138 7/8	Carolyn P Shipman	Lee	9/14/2017	1249
38	138 1/8	Robert Steadman	Barnwell	9/10/2016	1384
39	137 7/8	Haskell D Long	Oconee	11/13/2017	1437
40	137 6/8	Madison H Dominick	Newberry	10/13/2017	1463
41	137 3/8	Joseph C Lyons	Calhoun	11/11/2015	1544
42	137 1/8	Heath R Summer	Lexington	10/10/2017	1617
43	137	Joseph H Johnston Jr	Horry	9/7/2017	1637
44	136 6/8	Patricia T Boyce	Orangeburg	11/5/2017	1690
45	136 3/8	Benjamin R Lee	Kershaw	11/1/2017	1775
46	136 1/8	Dustin J Connor	Anderson	10/17/2016	1837
46	136 1/8	Nickalas R Dicks	Barnwell	10/22/2017	1837
46	136 1/8	Russell L Ott	Calhoun	10/28/2016	1837
49	135 6/8	James S Garner V	Marion	11/11/2017	1937
49	135 6/8	Robert W Mann	Greenwood	11/1/2017	1937
51	135 4/8	John B Marsh	Horry	10/20/2016	1990
52	135 2/8	Chris Melvin	Chester	10/31/2012	2052

Score Year Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	All Time Rank
53	135	Benjamin K Floyd III	Horry	11/22/2016	2114
53	135	Daniel W Nations	Pickens	11/4/2017	2114
55	134 7/8	John R Bowen	Oconee	11/17/2017	2153
56	134 6/8	Jamie L Walters	Richland	10/22/2017	2189
57	134 2/8	Gary Patterson	Pickens	11/14/2017	2339
58	134 1/8	Mackenzie G Martin	Laurens	10/1/2017	2382
59	133 7/8	Bryan D Holmes	Fairfield	1/1/2018	2458
59	133 7/8	Donald S Austin	Richland	10/12/2017	2458
59	133 7/8	Shane M Fitts	Greenville	11/18/2017	2458
62	133 6/8	Patricia M Whitten	Spartanburg	10/27/2017	2506
63	133 5/8	Christopher Dempsey	Allendale	11/11/2015	2553
64	133 4/8	Craig Taylor	Fairfield	10/16/2017	2601
64	133 4/8	Kristopher N Evensen	Aiken	8/27/2017	2601
64	133 4/8	Phillip L Raines	Laurens	9/22/2016	2601
67	133 3/8	Joseph Brunson	Clarendon	9/1/2017	2650
68	133	Kyle W Bonnette	Orangeburg	11/4/2017	2782
69	132 7/8	Found-Douglas Todd Walker	Barnwell	2/2018	2828
70	132 5/8	Justin L Snider	Laurens	10/14/2017	2929
71	132 4/8	Hank C Clamp	Saluda	9/1/1977	2977
71	132 4/8	James A Wright	Lexington	8/17/2012	2977
71	132 4/8	James Michael Lang	Laurens	9/23/2017	2977
74	132 3/8	Raymond C Cowart	Greenwood	11/17/2017	3031
74	132 3/8	Richard Massey	Colleton	12/28/2017	3031
76	132 2/8	Christopher S Long	Aiken	11/7/2014	3075
76	132 2/8	Clifford B Shealy	Orangeburg	11/16/2017	3075
76	132 2/8	Kevin L Chriswell	Allendale	11/3/2017	3075
79	132	Henry Lee Robertson	Richland	12/28/2017	3160
79	132	Steve Langley	Lancaster	12/6/2017	3160
81	131 7/8	Bruce R Outen	Kershaw	10/10/2017	3215
82	131 6/8	William M Posey	Laurens	10/29/2016	3249
83	131 5/8	Alex S Boykin Jr	Bamberg	11/26/2017	3315
83	131 5/8	Clinton W Youngblood	Spartanburg	11/1/2016	3315

Score Year Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	All Time Rank
83	131 5/8	Robert L Jones	Fairfield	11/24/2017	3315
86	131 4/8	Abby Cribb	Marion	10/31/2017	3374
86	131 4/8	Jason C Rentz	Aiken	11/12/2014	3374
86	131 4/8	Matt J Hendrix	Lexington	10/20/2017	3374
86	131 4/8	Paul J Edmunds	McCormick	10/1/2017	3374
86	131 4/8	Ronnie L Elmore	Lee	11/8/2017	3374
86	131 4/8	William Edward Strong Jr	Williamsburg	9/7/2008	3374
92	131 3/8	Bobby A Stokes Jr	Fairfield	11/7/2017	3438
92	131 3/8	Logan S Reeves	Greenville	11/17/2017	3438
92	131 3/8	Sam J Thompson	Lee	10/10/2017	3438
95	131 2/8	Steven Shinn	Colleton	10/17/2017	3479
96	131 1/8	Marshall T Williamson	Kershaw	10/11/2017	3537
97	131	Dalton Hughes	Dorchester	10/9/2017	3594
97	131	David R Vaughan	Kershaw	12/18/2015	3594
99	130 6/8	Ben Lee	Kershaw	11/14/2017	3710
99	130 6/8	Bobby Mckinney	McCormick	10/1/1977	3710
99	130 6/8	Bradley D Flowers	Darlington	11/13/2016	3710
99	130 6/8	Mary Claussen Jones	Florence	11/9/2016	3710
99	130 6/8	Tony W Bowers	Kershaw	11/23/2016	3710
104	130 5/8	Dylan W Gambrell	Anderson	10/6/2017	3770
105	130 4/8	Daniel S Green	Aiken	11/3/2017	3811
105	130 4/8	Justin Miller	Orangeburg	11/30/2011	3811
105	130 4/8	Stan M Clary	Horry	9/8/2017	3811
105	130 4/8	Tripp Crosby	Calhoun	10/26/2016	3811
109	130 3/8	Andy B Knight	Lancaster	9/1/2016	3877
109	130 3/8	Manning Lusk	Anderson	11/24/2017	3877
111	130 1/8	Kenny B Keels	Sumter	9/2/2017	3996
111	130 1/8	Randall H Bishop	Pickens	10/29/2017	3996
113	129 7/8	Jordan Guinn	Spartanburg	10/6/2016	4113
114	129 6/8	Earl B Watson	Oconee	11/30/2017	4165
114	129 6/8	Jeffrey L Ward	Aiken	11/8/2017	4165
114	129 6/8	Kenneth L Handy	Richland	8/15/2017	4165

Score Year Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	All Time Rank
114	129 6/8	Rusty Whittle	Lexington	10/16/2015	4165
114	129 6/8	Sandy McConnell	Spartanburg	10/19/2017	4165
119	129 4/8	Charles K Johnson	Aiken	11/18/2017	4273
119	129 4/8	Don Landrum	Greenwood	9/17/2017	4273
119	129 4/8	Jessie L Russell	Newberry	10/25/2017	4273
119	129 4/8	Richard Mccutchen	Lee	11/5/2016	4273
123	129 3/8	Danny T Dowdal	Oconee	12/7/2017	4333
123	129 3/8	Fred Herman	Laurens	10/10/2017	4333
123	129 3/8	James L Stoudemire	Colleton	12/29/2017	4333
123	129 3/8	James P Guignard	Richland	11/26/2016	4333
127	129 2/8	Bobby A Stokes Jr	Fairfield	11/11/2017	4387
128	129	Craig J White	Aiken	11/29/2017	4503
128	129	Dennis L Stratton	Aiken	12/9/2017	4503
128	129	Michael W Camak	Darlington	11/9/2017	4503
131	128 7/8	Robert L Fowler	Georgetown	11/9/2017	4566
131	128 7/8	Ronald P Stokes	Newberry	12/1/2017	4566
133	128 6/8	Hayden D Long	Oconee	12/29/2017	4640
133	128 6/8	Madden Lemacks	Colleton	12/11/2016	4640
135	128 5/8	Eirik Shevy	Chester	11/2/2017	4716
135	128 5/8	Rion F Branham	Fairfield	10/19/2017	4716
137	128 4/8	Christopher R Hutto	Barnwell	9/24/2016	4780
137	128 4/8	Donald R Causey Jr	Horry	10/12/2017	4780
137	128 4/8	Jason C Rentz	Barnwell	9/21/2017	4780
137	128 4/8	Jason M Allen	Abbeville	10/11/2012	4780
137	128 4/8	Timothy H Stone	Fairfield	10/28/2016	4780
137	128 4/8	William S Lowe	Chesterfield	11/7/2017	4780
143	128 3/8	Randy A Joye	Williamsburg	10/18/2017	4854
144	128 1/8	Guy W Davis	Pickens	11/16/2016	4979
144	128 1/8	Rob Harrison	Anderson	10/1/2017	4979
144	128 1/8	Shelly N Sorchevich	Aiken	11/24/2017	4979
147	128	Timothy B Kirven	Lee	9/18/2011	5035
148	127 7/8	Barry W Burton	Kershaw	10/26/2017	5106

Score Year Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	All Time Rank
148	127 7/8	Benji E Morris	Barnwell	11/10/2017	5106
148	127 7/8	Dana W Bennett	Orangeburg	12/5/1995	5106
148	127 7/8	James S Garner V	Horry	1/1/2015	5106
148	127 7/8	Randy W Hawkins	Greenville	12/23/2017	5106
148	127 7/8	Walter A Chapman	Newberry	11/17/2017	5106
154	127 6/8	Kory A Johnson	Marion	10/16/2017	5180
154	127 6/8	Sean P McCarthy	Laurens	10/29/2016	5180
154	127 6/8	William J Loadholt	Clarendon	10/14/2017	5180
157	127 5/8	Tom J Robinson	Kershaw	11/3/2017	5243
158	127 4/8	Joshua J Palocios	Chesterfield	11/25/2016	5315
158	127 4/8	Michael A Carson	Oconee	12/6/2016	5315
160	127 3/8	Dustin J Connor	Anderson	10/26/2017	5391
160	127 3/8	Matthew Kelly	Chester		5391
160	127 3/8	Mike Fowler	McCormick	12/27/2017	5391
160	127 3/8	R V Wheeler	Georgetown	12/18/2016	5391
160	127 3/8	Samuel L Herring	Marion	10/18/2017	5391
165	127 2/8	Gary D West	Dorchester	11/14/2012	5458
165	127 2/8	James R Church	Dillon	10/27/2016	5458
165	127 2/8	Kayli E Denton	Pickens	12/7/2017	5458
168	127 1/8	Darrell L Dozier	Chesterfield	11/1/2003	5541
168	127 1/8	James C Allen III	Dillon	12/4/2017	5541
168	127 1/8	James C Eubanks	Lancaster	10/3/2016	5541
171	127	Brian L Wilson	Laurens	10/28/2017	5600
171	127	Jamie L Walters	Allendale	11/12/2010	5600
171	127	Lisa H Stewart	Pickens	10/1/2016	5600
171	127	Wilson Bell	Fairfield	12/1/2010	5600
175	126 7/8	Chris B Olsen	Lexington	11/24/2017	5679
175	126 7/8	Jonathan C Bower	Lancaster	12/4/2016	5679
175	126 7/8	Stephen C Cooper	Lancaster	12/23/2016	5679
175	126 7/8	Zach W Wimberly	Dorchester	10/22/2017	5679
179	126 6/8	Jacob Bowdler	Orangeburg	12/16/2016	5753
179	126 6/8	Mathew Bart Smith	Williamsburg	10/31/2005	5753

Score Year Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	All Time Rank
181	126 4/8	Douglas H Fair	Colleton	10/19/2014	5892
181	126 4/8	John R W Bess	Aiken	10/8/2016	5892
181	126 4/8	William H Wise	Williamsburg	11/3/2017	5892
184	126 3/8	Austin W Dial	Fairfield	9/15/2017	5968
184	126 3/8	Jason S Moore	Edgefield	11/18/2016	5968
184	126 3/8	John D Good	Chester	10/25/2016	5968
184	126 3/8	Wesley S English	Aiken	8/29/2017	5968
188	126 1/8	James S Craig	Calhoun	10/24/2017	6121
189	126	Diane Freeman	Lancaster	10/24/2016	6189
189	126	Gary D West	Dorchester	11/28/2012	6189
189	126	Jeffrey L Ward	Aiken	11/29/2017	6189
189	126	Richard Land	Oconee	11/1/2017	6189
193	125 6/8	Brandon W Bryan	Saluda	10/15/2017	6357
193	125 6/8	Richard Gaillard	Edgefield	11/1/2017	6357
193	125 6/8	Robbin G Thompson	Florence	10/17/2017	6357
196	125 5/8	Charles A O'Brien Jr	Colleton	11/21/2017	6440
196	125 5/8	Chris D Joyner	Kershaw	9/12/2016	6440
196	125 5/8	Chris R Clark	Greenwood	10/29/2017	6440
196	125 5/8	Danny M Jordan	Richland	11/17/2017	6440
196	125 5/8	Matthew Timothy Mays	Clarendon	10/20/2001	6440
196	125 5/8	Michael B Calder	Marion	12/21/2010	6440
202	125 4/8	Jeremy Hughes	Dorchester	11/29/1988	6503
203	125 3/8	Audra L Barefoot	Lexington	12/10/2017	6581
203	125 3/8	Ed Strickland	Abbeville	10/11/2016	6581
203	125 3/8	Imad F Zeitount	Lancaster	11/16/2017	6581
203	125 3/8	Lonnie Joe Mcgill	Newberry	10/9/2014	6581
203	125 3/8	Rodney W Hardee	Marion	10/1/2015	6581
208	125 2/8	Candace Gann Smith	Williamsburg	11/12/2017	6659
208	125 2/8	James A Jordan	Chesterfield	10/19/2015	6659
208	125 2/8	Kyle M Dyson	Berkeley	12/13/2014	6659
208	125 2/8	Shelly N Sorchevich	Aiken	11/14/2017	6659
212	125 1/8	Bryan Grooms	Berkeley	10/27/2015	6747

Score Year Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	All Time Rank
212	125 1/8	James D Mcdaniel	McCormick	11/3/2017	6747
212	125 1/8	Monty E Putnam	Orangeburg	11/26/2016	6747
212	125 1/8	Zachari G Wyatt	Aiken	10/9/2016	6747
216	125	Angela M Teachey	Abbeville	10/23/2016	6827
216	125	Jack R Patterson	Oconee	12/3/2017	6827
216	125	Stuart N Goodman	Marlboro	9/16/2017	6827

Total Typical Records Entered for 2018 Score Period: 218

Total Typical Records Entered All-Time: 6,936



South Carolina Non-Typical White-Tailed Deer



Entries for the 2018 Scoring Period Minimum Score: 145

Score Year Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken	All Time Rank
1	175 2/8	Jacob D Buckner	Aiken	10/31/2017	19
2	166	John T Rowland	Oconee	11/12/2016	48
3	160 6/8	Robert A Thorn	Lexington	11/8/2017	79
4	160	Tyler R Tuten	Barnwell	8/22/2017	84
5	159 5/8	Charles Bub Stewart	Pickens	10/1/1948	88
6	158 1/8	Christopher W Smythe	Fairfield	10/14/2017	104
7	155 1/8	Todd D Solberg	Lee	9/1/2017	131
8	151 1/8	Frank W Love	McCormick	10/14/2017	194
9	149 5/8	William G Reed	McCormick	11/1/2017	222
10	149 4/8	Alex Underwood	Chester	10/18/2017	223
11	148 4/8	Cody W Fields	Abbeville	10/13/2017	241
12	147 3/8	Deklan H Woodell	Chesterfield	10/21/2017	258
13	145 5/8	Brent S Price	Kershaw	9/22/2016	282
14	145 1/8	Van A Stickles	Calhoun	8/16/2008	291

Total Non-Typical Records Entered for 2018 Score Period: 14

Total Non-Typical Records Entered All-Time: 293



Top 100 All-Time South Carolina Typical White-tailed Deer



Minimum Score: 125

All Time Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken
1	176 0/8	Wyatt William C	Pickens	12/24/1994
2	173 7/8	Hoffman Randy	Calhoun	8/15/2003
3	172 0/8	Dillard Danny T	Anderson	10/23/2009
4	170 5/8	Gaskins A Hugh	Williamsburg	11/11/1998
5	169 7/8	Dover Richard K	Marion	11/29/1996
6	169 2/8	Elrod David	Pickens	10/01/2008
6	169 2/8	Shuman Steve	Hampton	8/27/1987
8	168 1/8	Underwood David	Laurens	10/26/1989
9	167 6/8	Ledford Todd C	Sumter	11/15/2001
10	167 5/8	Woody David Swaney	Anderson	12/19/2015
11	167 3/8	Dubose Tristan A	Saluda	11/02/1993
12	166 6/8	Dillard Danny	Anderson	10/28/2014
13	166 3/8	Hicks Eddie	Newberry	12/14/1974
14	165 7/8	Blanton Tommy John	Saluda	11/01/2009
15	165 2/8	Ashley Avery	Greenwood	12/15/1990
16	164 0/8	Dillard Danny T	Abbeville	12/15/2011
17	163 7/8	Owen Charles W	Anderson	11/23/2006
18	163 6/8	Found-Smith Sammie D	Anderson	10/1983
19	163 0/8	Jacobs III Jesse	York	12/25/1985
20	162 7/8	Walls Gary A	Orangeburg	12/01/2009
21	162 4/8	Wise David A	Calhoun	9/12/2009
22	162 3/8	Found-USFS/SRS	Aiken	10/05/2005
23	162 1/8	Gladden Loran L	Lee	11/16/1979
24	161 6/8	Davis Chuck	Georgetown	1920
24	161 6/8	Edwards Frank	Colleton	12/1982
24	161 6/8	Meadows Dennis	York	12/1983

All Time Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken
27	161 5/8	Found-Freeman Cary	Abbeville	
28	161 2/8	Jordan William Larry	Saluda	11/22/1991
28	161 2/8	Found-Moore John E	Orangeburg	2001
30	161 1/8	Found-Carver Judy	Oconee	10/28/1993
31	160 5/8	Burdette Scott	Anderson	12/21/1989
31	160 5/8	Mock Hunter	Allendale	10/13/2010
31	160 5/8	Sox Jay	Orangeburg	10/12/2002
34	160 0/8	Found-Renaud Faye L	Lexington	10/28/1996
35	159 4/8	Chastain Dennis	Pickens	11/12/1991
35	159 4/8	Found-Prince Larry E	Spartanburg	1985
37	159 3/8	Brooks Ricky B	Laurens	10/22/2012
38	159 2/8	Walters III Hugh	Dorchester	10/1971
39	159 1/8	Fulton Wendell	Williamsburg	10/19/2012
40	159 0/8	Byrd Jr E Thomas	Williamsburg	11/10/1980
40	159 0/8	Lewis Billy Lee	Colleton	10/18/1984
42	158 7/8	Found-Davis Wadie A	Saluda	
42	158 7/8	Strickland Clyde	Colleton	11/05/1993
44	158 3/8	Rivers John W	Chesterfield	9/18/2008
45	158 2/8	Sheffield Johnny W	Hampton	10/1975
46	158 1/8	Waller Vandy	Fairfield	11/15/1986
47	158 0/8	Davis Kent	Greenville	10/20/1990
48	157 7/8	Polk Ned	Chester	10/18/1986
49	157 6/8	Smith Mark	Laurens	10/21/1995
49	157 6/8	Claud Robertson	Greenville	11/7/2016
51	157 5/8	Dreher John	Richland	9/03/1982
52	157 4/8	Mcgee Mac M	Anderson	11/05/1994
53	157 3/8	Freeman Ray	Anderson	11/07/2009
53	157 3/8	Huntley Rex R	Lancaster	10/22/1991
55	156 6/8	Crews Carl H	Aiken	10/1970
55	156 6/8	Dubois Brett	Jasper	11/24/2006
55	156 6/8	Dunn G David	Aiken	11/13/1993
55	156 6/8	Lesesne Frank	Williamsburg	1960

All Time Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken		
55	156 6/8	Smith Rick	Aiken	11/05/2009		
60	156 5/8	Hardee J B	Williamsburg	9/21/1978		
60	156 5/8	Found-Herndon Henry H	Bamberg	1975		
60	156 5/8	Shipman Wayne	Laurens	11/1975		
63	156 4/8	Bartlett Frank J	Fairfield	11/14/1996		
63	156 4/8	Brown William H	Spartanburg	11/15/2012		
63	156 4/8	Kambeitz Carl L	Kershaw	9/30/2003		
63	156 4/8	Wyatt Bill	Anderson	12/11/2013		
67	156 2/8	Campbell Jr Harvey Rusty	Lee	11/1998		
67	156 2/8	Driggers Rocky	Aiken	10/14/2006		
69	156 1/8	Boyd Garfield	Laurens	11/03/1980		
69	156 1/8	Cockrell Jacky	Edgefield	10/05/1988		
69	156 1/8	Haney Mitchell	Abbeville	10/1991		
69	156 1/8	Smith Thomas C	Chesterfield 11/17/20			
69	156 1/8	Van D Van Quinn	Chester	11/6/2003		
74	156 0/8	Found-Gaillard Ronnie	Newberry			
74	156 0/8	Moulton Marvin	Barnwell	11/08/2007		
74	156 0/8	Tristan A Dubose	Saluda	10/31/2015		
77	155 7/8	Roof George S	Unknown	1979		
78	155 6/8	Crosland James E	Orangeburg	10/1966		
78	155 6/8	Hutto Kenny	Colleton	9/25/1982		
80	155 5/8	Dillard Danny T	Edgefield	10/24/2013		
81	155 4/8	Bishop Michael E	Jasper	10/10/2000		
81	155 4/8	Burrows Otis	Williamsburg	11/1984		
81	155 4/8	Crenshaw Earnest	Lancaster	11/18/1988		
81	155 4/8	Hannah Ronnie W	Greenwood	10/01/1976		
81	155 4/8	Still Cannie	Barnwell	10/09/1983		
81	155 4/8	Winchester Brent	Pickens	11/18/1995		
87	155 3/8	Dickerson John W	Jasper	10/13/2000		
87	155 3/8	McCutcheon Hermas	Florence 11/06/19			
89	155 2/8	Norris D H	Saluda	10/1976		
90	155 1/8	Rochester Terry	Oconee	12/15/2007		

All Time Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken		
91	155 0/8	Chapman Darryl	Edgefield	12/26/1985		
91	155 0/8	Porth Donnie	Calhoun	11/01/1988		
93	154 7/8	Dillard Danny T	Anderson	11/04/2012		
93	154 7/8	Found-Jones Wade	Union	10/1977		
93	154 7/8	Smith R David	Lexington	11/10/1995		
96	154 6/8	Bell Thomas	Anderson	10/22/1988		
93	154 7/8	Smith R David	Lexington	11/10/1995		
96	154 6/8	Bell Thomas	Anderson	10/22/1988		
96	154 6/8	Boozer S Wyman	Jasper	9/27/1991		
98	154 4/8	Collins Scott	Chester	11/11/1991		
98	154 4/8	Williams Floyd L	Orangeburg	10/23/2002		
98	154 4/8	Wirtz Jeremy	Oconee	12/19/2014		
98	154 4/8	Wyatt Bill C	Anderson	12/30/1995		
98	154 4/8	Glenn A Durant	Aiken	10/22/1992		

Total Typical Records All-time = 6,936



Top 50 All-Time South Carolina Non-Typical White-tailed Deer Minimum Score: 145



All Time Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken
1	217 7/8	Danny T Dillard	Edgefield	10/13/2016
2	208 5/8	Wood John W	Beaufort	10/1971
3	205 4/8	Means Bradley E	Edgefield	10/29/1994
4	194 4/8	Sears Billy	Mccormick	10/1973
5	187 7/8	Found-J Mixson & A Mole	Berkeley	11/20/2010
6	187 5/8	Lusk Manning	Mccormick	12/17/2004
7	187 4/8	Eargle Erwin	Lexington	9/13/1989
7	187 4/8	Roe Delton	Anderson	10/28/2004
9	184 2/8	Coombs Evin	Lexington	11/20/2009

All Time Rank	Score	Hunter	County	Date Taken
10	181 1/8	Justin Hodges	Mccormick	11/11/2016
11	180 7/8	Huntington Mark S	Anderson	10/31/2002
12	180 4/8	Doremus Jason M	Orangeburg	10/19/2000
12	180 4/8	Morton Randy	Chesterfield	11/22/1993
14	180 3/8	Found-Scwmrd	Marlboro	1930
15	179 2/8	Robertson Jr Charles E	Colleton	9/21/1981
16	176 5/8	William Thomas George	Hampton	11/1975
17	176 3/8	Ellis Doug	Mccormick	12/1973
18	176 1/8	Herring Mickey	Orangeburg	9/31/1997
19	175 2/8	Jacob D Buckner	Aiken	10/31/2017
20	173 3/8	Found-Johnson Michael	Oconee	11/05/1988
21	172 6/8	Zeigler Harold A	Orangeburg	11/05/2007
22	172 4/8	Ledbetter Danny	Berkeley	11/24/1983
22	172 4/8	Purgason Michael T	Chester	10/27/2007
24	171 0/8	Lee Lloyd	Bamberg	12/12/1987
25	170 6/8	Fulbright Chris	Calhoun	11/04/2011
26	170 5/8	Gaskins Hugh	Williamsburg	10/30/2003
26	170 5/8	Shealy Donald	Kershaw	10/10/2003
28	170 1/8	Wilson Wade	Allendale	11/08/1997
29	169 6/8	Oneal Clark	Edgefield	10/30/2001
30	169 2/8	Railey Eldridge	Lancaster	11/05/1984
31	169 1/8	Kirkley Jere	Anderson	10/13/2012
32	168 6/8	Ledford Todd C	Sumter	11/01/2001
33	167 6/8	Jonathan D Anders	Greenville	11/8/2015
34	167 5/8	Morris William G	G Calhoun	
35	167 4/8	Blackwell Tony D	Oconee	12/14/2013
36	167 3/8	Fairey John L	Orangeburg	10/1961
37	167 1/8	Mccoy Steve	Darlington	10/02/2009
38	167 0/8	Schaffer Danny	Colleton	9/1974
39	166 7/8	Johnson Jr Wilburn N	Chesterfield	12/03/1983
40	166 6/8	Cromer C S	Newberry	
41	166 5/8	Rebecca R Pelletier	Orangeburg	11/2/2015

42	166 4/8	Posey Kenneth	Aiken	11/1972			
43	166 3/8	Ard Richard L	Williamsburg	9/01/1976			
44	166 2/8	Douglas Jeff A	Fairfield 10/20/19				
45	166 1/8	Dempsey Clyde	Calhoun	10/1970			
45	166 1/8	O'Neal James B	Edgefield	11/29/1996			
45	166 1/8	Wood Dale	Greenwood	10/25/1983			
48	166 0/8	Found - John T Rowland	Oconee	11/12/2016			
49	165 6/8	Hendrix Michael	Oconee	11/19/2001			
50	165 3/8	Grier Francis	Calhoun	10/1973			

Total Non-Tpical Records All-time = 293



South Carolina County Totals All-Time Typical and Non-Typical



County	Typical	Non- Typical	Total	Rank	Rank/ Square Mile
Abbeville	219	11	230	9	2
Aiken	495	13	508	2	3
Allendale	192	12	204	10	5
Anderson	270	6	276	4	1
Bamberg	158	6	164	16	7
Barnwell	223	6	229	8	8
Beaufort	33	1	34	45	39
Berkeley	122	8	130	24	40
Calhoun	167	12	179	14	6
Charleston	48	0	48	42	44
Cherokee	25	5	30	46	42
Chester	103	6	109	33	32
Chesterfield	166	9	175	13	24
Clarendon	102	5	107	34	33
Colleton	246	17	263	6	19
Darlington	78	2	80	37	36

County	Typical	Non- Typical	Total	Rank	Rank/ Square Mile
Dillon	39	0	39	44	43
Dorchester	124	9	133	26	27
Edgefield	118	7	125	27	21
Fairfield	283	8	291	3	9
Florence	134	2	136	21	34
Georgetown	60	4	64	41	45
Greenville	141	5	146	20	23
Greenwood	112	4	116	31	17
Hampton	161	3	164	15	22
Horry	118	6	124	30	38
Jasper	94	5	99	35	35
Kershaw	250	9	259	7	10
Lancaster	149	7	156	19	16
Laurens	179	8	187	12	15
Lee	119	5	124	28	18
Lexington	120	11	131	29	25
McCormick	82	6	88	36	29
Marion	78	1	79	38	31
Marlboro	42	1	43	43	46
Newberry	178	10	188	11	14
Oconee	163	8	171	17	12
Orangeburg	487	23	510	1	4
Pickens	129	2	131	23	13
Richland	153	3	156	18	26
Saluda	126	4	130	22	11
Spartanburg	109	6	115	32	28
Sumter	120	7	127	25	30
Union	58	1	59	40	41
Williamsburg	259	4	263	5	20
York	61	4	65	39	37
County Unknown	42	0	42	NA	NA
Totals	6,936	293	7,229	NA	NA

TYPICAL WHITETAILED DEER

OWNER'S NAME	ast					First				M.I	
ADDRESS	street, Rt.,	Box			City				State		Zip Code
PHONE# (lome			(_)				Abnorm	al Poi	ints
HUNTER'S NAME _	iome			VVOIK				Right /	Antler / ₈	Lef	ft Antler
COUNTY OF KILL _									/8		/8
DATE OF KILL _									/ ₈		/ ₈
WEAPON _									/8		/8
SCORE DATE _									/ ₈		/8
SCORE LOCATION _									/8		/8
SCORER _									/ ₈		/ ₈
Age Weight_		/MA rivat		Quality 1gt. Area	l	E. Total of Le of Abnormal I			/8		•
	ER SIDE F	OR	INSTRUCTIO			Column 1	_	lumn 2	Column	3	Column 4
A. No. Points on Right Antler		\perp	No. Points o Left Antler	n		Spread Credit	Rig An	iht tler	Left Antler		Difference
B. Tip to Tip Spread		/8	C. Greatest Spread		/8						
D. Inside Spread of Main Beams		,	(Credit May Exceed Long			,					
F. Length of Main	Beam	/ ₈ I	Exceed Long	ger Aritie	1)	/8		/8		/8	/8
G-1. Length of First	Point, if p	rese	nt					/ ₈		/ ₈	/8
G-2. Length of Seco	G-2. Length of Second Point						/8		/ ₈	/8	
G-3. Length of Third	Point							/8		/ ₈	/8
G-4. Length of Four	th Point, if	pre	sent					/8		· /a	/ ₈
G-5. Length of Fifth	Point, if P	rese	ent					/8		/ ₈	/8
G-6. Length of Sixth	Point, if p	ores	ent					/8		/8	/8
G-7. Length of Seve	enth Point,	if pr	resent					/8		/8	/8
H-1. Circumference between Burr a	at smalles and First P	st pla	ace					/8		/8	/8
H-2. Circumference between First a	at smalles	st pla	ace					/8		/8	/8
H-3. Circumference between Second	at smalles	st pla	ace					/8		/8	/8
H-4. Circumference between Third	at smalles	st pla	ace					/8		/8	/8
			TO	OTALS		/8		/8		/8	/8
Enter Total of Columns 1,2, and 3			/ ₈ I ce	ertify that	t I have m	easured the abo	ve trop		ate)		at
Subtract Column 4			(ad	ldress) _	(city) (State) (state) (state) (state) (see measurements and date are, to the best of my knowledge and belief,						
Subtotal	-+		ma			with the instruct			s of filly K	nowle	uge and belief,
Subtract (E) Total of	D-lat-		_	tness:				Signature:	 cial Measu	ıror	
Lengths of Abnormal Final Score	Points		/8					D. Numb		1 01	
	/8										

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEASURING TYPICAL WHITETAILED DEER

All measurements must be made with a 1/4 inch flexible steel tape to the nearest one-eighth of an inch. Wherever it is necessary to change direction of measurement, mark a control point and swing tape at this point. (Note: a flexible steel cable can be used to measure points and main beams only.) Enter fractional figures in eighths, without reduction. Official measurements cannot be taken until antilers have dried for at least 60 days after the animal was killed.

- A. Number of points on each antler: to be counted a point, the projection must be at least one inch long, with the length exceeding width at one inch or more of length. All points are measured from tip of point to nearest edge of beam. Beam tip is counted as a point but not measured as a point.
- B. Tip to tip spread is measured between tips of main beams.
- C. Greatest spread is measured between perpendiculars at a right angle to the center line of the skull at widest part, whether across main beams or points.
- D. Inside spread of main beams is measured at a right angle to the center line of the skull at widest point between main beams. Enter this measurement again as the spread credit if it is less than or equal to the length of longer antier; if longer, enter longer antier length for spread credit.
- E. Total of lengths of all abnormal points: Abnormal points are those nontypical in location (such as points originating from a point or from bottom or sides of main beam) or extra points beyond the normal pattern of points. Measure in usual manner and enter in appropriate blanks.
- F. Length of main beam is measured from lowest outside edge of burr over outer curve to the most distant point of what is, or appears to be, the main beam. The point of beginning is that point on the burr where the center line along the outer curve of the beam intersects the burr, then following generally the outer curve of the main beam to the tip of the beam.
- G. 1-2-3-4-5-6-7 Length of normal points: normal points project from the top of the main beam. They are measured from nearest edge of main beam over outer curve to tip. Lay the tape along the outer curve of the beam so that the top edge of the tape coincides with top edge of the beam on both sides of the point to determine the base line for point measurements. Record point lengths in appropriate blanks.
- H. 1-2-3-4 Circumferences are taken as detailed for each measurement. If brow point is missing, take H-1 and H-2 at smallest place between burr and G-2. If G-4 is missing, take H-4 halfway between G-3 and tip of main beam.

FAIR CHASE STATEMENT FOR ALL HUNTER-TAKEN WHITETAILED DEER

To make use of the following methods shall be deemed as **UNFAIR CHASE** and unsportsmanlike, and any deer obtained by use of such means is disqualified from entry.

- I. Spotting or herding game from the air, followed by landing in its vicinity for pursuit;
- II. Herding or pursuing game with motor-powered vehicles;
- III. Use of electronic communications for attracting, locating or observing game, or guiding the hunter to such game;
- IV. Hunting game confined by artificial barriers, including escape-proof fencing; or hunting game transplanted solely for the purpose of commercial shooting.
- V. Hunting or taking game on lands without permission or consent of landowner.

٧.	anting of taking game of fands without permission of consent of landowner.					
	I certify that the whitetailed deer scored on this chart was not taken in UNFAIR CHASE as defined above. I further certify that it was taken in full compliance with South Carolina game laws.					
Date	Signature of Hunter:	09-6461				

NON-TYPICAL WHITETAILED DEER

OWNER'S NAME Last						First				M.I		
ADDRESS Street, F	t Boy				City				State		Zip Cod	10
PHONE# ()			(Nork	, ity				Abnorr		<u> </u>	
HUNTER'S NAME			V	vork				Right A	ntler /8	Lef	ft Antle	r
COUNTY OF KILL									/8			/8
DATE OF KILL									/ ₈	+-		/ ₈
WEAPON									/ ₈			/ ₈
SCORE DATE									/8	\perp		/8
SCORE LOCATION							_		/ ₈	+-		/ ₈
									/8			/8
SCORER	WMA		Qua			E. Total of Lei			/8			
Age Weight	Private	e	_ Mgt.	Area	_	of Abnormal I	Points		/8			
SEE OTHER SID	E FOR			3		Column 1		lumn 2	Colum	n 3		ımn 4
A. No. Points on Right Antler		No. Poir Left Ant				Spread Credit	Rig An	iht tler	Left Antler		Diffe	rence
B. Tip to Tip Spread	/8	C. Grea Spread			/8							
D. Inside Spread		(Credit I	May be E	l Equal but								
of Main Beams	/8	Exceed	Longer	Antler)		/8						
F. Length of Main Beam								/8		/8		/,
G-1. Length of First Point,	f presei	nt						/8		/8		/,
G-2. Length of Second Poi	nt							/8		/8		/,
G-3. Length of Third Point								/8		/8		/,
G-4. Length of Fourth Poin	t, if pres	sent						/8		/8		/,
G-5. Length of Fifth Point,	f Prese	nt						/8		/8		/,
G-6. Length of Sixth Point,	if prese	ent						/8		/8		/,
G-7. Length of Seventh Po	int, if pr	esent						/8		/8		
H-1. Circumference at sma								/8		/8		
H-2. Circumference at sma between First and Sec	llest pla	ace			\neg			/8		/8		/,
H-3. Circumference at sma	llest pla	ace			\neg							
H-4. Circumference at small	llest pla	ace			\neg			/8		/8		
between Third and Fo	urth Po	int			_			/8		/8		/{
Fatau Tatal of			TOTA			/8		/8		/8		/,
Enter Total of Columns 1,2, and 3		/8				easured the abo						_ at
Subtract Column 4		/8				rements and da						/
Subtotal						with the instruct			ot of filly	KIOWIE	age an	a bellet,
Add (E) Total of		/8	Witnes	ss:				signature:				
Lengths of Abnormal Points	1	/8						B & C Office D. Number		urer		
Final Score		7.					1.	S. Nambe	~			

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEASURING NON-TYPICAL WHITETAILED DEER

All measurements must be made with a-1/4 inch flexible steel tape to the nearest one-eighth of an inch. Wherever it is necessary to change direction of measurement, mark a control point and swing tape at this point. (Note: a flexible steel cable can be used to measure points and main beams only.) Enter fractional figures in eighths, without reduction. Official measurements cannot be taken until antlers have dried for at least 60 days after the animal was killed.

- A. Number of points on each antler: to be counted a point, the projection must be at least one inch long, with the length exceeding width at one inch or more of length. All points are measured from tip of point to nearest edge of beam. Beam tip is counted as a point but not measured as a point.
- B. Tip to tip spread is measured between tips of main beams.
- C. Greatest spread is measured between perpendiculars at a right angle to the center line of the skull at widest part, whether across main beams or points.
- D. Inside spread of main beams is measured at a right angle to the center line of the skull at widest point between main beams. Enter this measurement again as the spread credit if it is less than or equal to the length of longer antier; if longer, enter longer antier length for spread credit.
- E. Total of lengths of all abnormal points: Abnormal points are those nontypical in location (such as points originating from a point or from bottom or sides of main beam) or extra points beyond the normal pattern of points. Measure in usual manner and enter in appropriate blanks.
- F. Length of main beam is measured from lowest outside edge of burr over outer curve to the most distant point of what is, or appears to be, the main beam. The point of beginning is that point on the burr where the center line along the outer curve of the beam intersects the burr, then following generally the outer curve of the main beam to the tip of the beam.
- G. 1-2-3-4-5-6-7 Length of normal points: normal points project from the top of the main beam. They are measured from nearest edge of main beam over outer curve to tip. Lay the tape along the outer curve of the beam so that the top edge of the tape coincides with top edge of the beam on both sides of the point to determine the base line for point measurements. Record point lengths in appropriate blanks.
- H. 1-2-3-4 Circumferences are taken as detailed for each measurement. If brow point is missing, take H-1 and H-2 at smallest place between burr and G-2. If G-4 is missing, take H-4 halfway between G-3 and tip of main heam

FAIR CHASE STATEMENT FOR ALL HUNTER-TAKEN WHITETAILED DEER

To make use of the following methods shall be deemed as **UNFAIR CHASE** and unsportsmanlike, and any deer obtained by use of such means is disqualified from entry.

- I. Spotting or herding game from the air, followed by landing in its vicinity for pursuit;
- II. Herding or pursuing game with motor-powered vehicles;
- III. Use of electronic communications for attracting, locating or observing game, or guiding the hunter to such game;
- IV. Hunting game confined by artificial barriers, including escape-proof fencing; or hunting game transplanted solely for the purpose of commercial shooting.
- V. Hunting or taking game on lands without permission or consent of landowner.

I certify that the whitetailed deer scored on this chart was not taken in UNFAIR CHASE as defined above. I fu certify that it was taken in full compliance with South Carolina game laws.					
Date: Signature of Hunter:					

