SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT
OF
NATURAL RESOURCES

WILDLIFE & FRESHWATER FISHERIES DIVISION
WILDLIFE SECTION
Alligator Project
Alligator Hunting Season
Alligator Hunting Season

• Coastal Plain divided into 4 regions
• Season: 2\textsuperscript{nd} Saturday in Sept. – 2\textsuperscript{nd} Saturday in Oct.
• \textit{Season starts 12 noon and ends at 12 noon}.
• Hunters launching boats need to remain in the vicinity of the landing or launch site until the start of the season if alligator hunting equipment is on board.
• Must be 16 at time of hunt to apply, no age requirement to help or participate with permitted hunter
What about tags that are not purchased?

- There are no second drawings for unclaimed tags.
- The Department simply “overdraws” or selects an additional applicants than expected tag sales.
- This method reduces staff time and extra costs associated with additional drawings.
- Also allows unsuccessful applicants to be drawn sooner as all successful applicants' preference points revert to 0 regardless if the tag is purchased or not.
Santee Cooper Lakes

- Lake Marion to Hwy 45 Bridge on Diversion Canal is in *Midlands* Unit

- Below Hwy 45 Bridge on Diversion Canal and Lake Moultrie is in *Middle Coast* Unit
Alligator Hunting Season - Licensing

- All permittees (selected hunters) must have SC Hunting License
- A big game permit is not required for alligators
- For the most part, if you are in the boat, should should have a SC hunting license.
- You can hunt at any time of the day or night after start of the season (lights can be used)
- The permitted hunter must be present and have in their possession an alligator hunting permit and an unused harvest tag issued to him or her.
Alligator Hunting Season – Licensing

All Nonresidents must:

- Meet all normal licensing requirements (SC Hunting Lic.)
- Pay an additional $200 Nonresident Alligator Hunting Fee before going afield
- This Nonresident Alligator Hunting Fee is payable at any normal licensing vendor, online at: www.gooutdoorssouthcarolina.com
Alligator Hunting Season - Participants

• Other people can be present with the permitted hunter and can guide, help or otherwise participate, but all must be licensed SC hunters (unless under 16)
• Again, if you are in the boat, should have a SC hunting license (unless under 16)
• *All nonresident participants/helpers/assistants, etc.* 16 years of age or older, must also pay the $200 Nonresident Alligator Hunting Fee before going afield
Alligator Hunting Season - Participants

• Companion boats assisting a permitted hunter must meet all licensing requirement (nonresidents included) and maintain *sight and voice contact* with the primary boat. In other words, the other boat must remain in proximity of the tag holder’s vessel.

• No alligator hunting equipment is allowed on the companion boats (harpoons, alligator bowfishing rigs, etc).
Alligator Hunting Season

- Alligators must be 4’ or greater in length
- Cannot shoot unsecured alligators on public or private land
- A line or snare must first be attached, and animal brought to shore or alongside of boat and *then a hand-held snare or rope must be attached* before the alligator is dispatched.
Alligator Hunting Season

No bait or set hooks are allowed!
Permits

• *At all times* while afield, a permit must be in possession, and the alligator(s) tagged with the appropriate tag provided from the Department.

• You must follow the conditions of the permit (see back of permit for conditions)
Alligator Hunting Season

- No shotguns or rifles in possession while hunting
- Requires immediate tagging and reporting within 5 days (must complete report form within 24 hrs)
- Can hunt on public waters & private lands (no WMAs or refuges, parks, etc.) On public waters: “if the general public can duck hunt there any day of the week, you can alligator hunt”
- Contact DNR Law Enforcement for inquiries about specific areas.
Alligator Hunting Season

• Be careful hunting in WMAs or Wildlife Refuge areas that extend into the water such as Hatchery WMA (Lake Moultrie) or Santee National Wildlife Refuge. (Lake Marion)
Alligator Hunting Season

Areas that are not open to alligator hunting:

- Hatchery WMA within Lake Moultrie.
- Potato Creek Hatchery Waterfowl Area adjacent to Lake Marion.
- Stony Bay in Sandy Beach Waterfowl Area.
- Any North Dike WMA Borrow Pits accessed by canal or ditch via Lake Moultrie.
- Any portion of Yawkey Wildlife Center accessible from a waterway, ditch, or canal. This includes Mosquito, Beach, and Bird Bank Creeks.
- National Wildlife Refuges, many of which that have navigable waters within their boundaries.
- Goose Creek Reservoir is owned by the city of Hanahan and is closed to public alligator hunting.
**Alligator Hunting Season**

*Use caution, stay in the main part of the river:*

Great Pee Dee River next to Woodbury WMA.

Adjacent to Yawkey Wildlife Center - stay in the main river (North Santee Bay) and the Intracoastal Waterway. *Any* creeks, canals or ditches entering the Yawkey Wildlife Center (Cat Island, South Island, and portions of North Island) are closed to hunting.
Alligator Hunting Season

*Areas that are open to alligator hunting*

Borrow pit area adjacent to Santee Dam WMA.

Lake areas outside of the signs and markers surrounding Santee Cooper WMA.

Lake areas surrounding Hickory Top WMA.

Lake areas surrounding Moultrie Hunt Unit WMA.

Portions of the Rediversion Canal legally accessible by boat through Canal WMA. Portions of this waterway are blocked for security reasons. Under no circumstances should you enter any prohibited areas.
Alligator Hunting Season

- Where a river separates two alligator hunting units, you can hunt in the main channel, but cannot go onto the other side’s tributaries, feeder creeks, etc. You should “stay on your side”.
- Alligators cannot be transported alive
Airboats

• It is unlawful to operate an airboat from the freshwater/saltwater dividing line seaward. This line’s location varies along the coast (see §50-5-80).

• It is also unlawful to operate an airboat on the waters of:
  • The Waccamaw, Great Pee Dee, Little Pee Dee, Black, and Sampit Rivers in Georgetown and Horry Counties from one hour before legal sunset to one hour after legal sunrise and anytime during the season for hunting waterfowl*.
  • The portion of Lake Marion and Santee Swamp west of the I-95 bridge upstream to the confluence of the Congaree and Wateree Rivers during the season for hunting waterfowl*.

* Please check early season waterfowl dates (early teal and Canada goose seasons) as they traditionally occur in the month of September.
Alligator Hunting Season

Capture techniques include:

- Harpoons
- Jab sticks (long harpoons not thrown)
- Archery equipment (including crossbows)
- Snatch hooks (weighted treble hooks)
- Gigs

No matter the device, a line must be attached to the head of the device and affixed to a floating or stationary object.
Capture Devices
Harpoons

Range ~25-30’ (with practice)

Can “run and gun” easier with smaller harpoons, longer ones can be jab poles

R. Flynt, MDWFP
Harpoon points separate from driver head after penetrating the hide.

Do not attempt to harpoon an alligator in the head.
Harpoon points penetrate and rotate under hide to hold restraining line & float
Bows or crossbows rigged with separating heads

Arrows and bolts are heavier than traditional hunting equipment = less effective range (~15-20 yds) than you may be used to.
Capture Devices - Attachment

Any capture device must either be attached to a fixed object or have a float attached to maintain the line above the water to allow retrieval of the alligator. “Follow the float”

Commercially available crab pot floats and line buoys are suitable for this purpose and commonly used.
Fishing rods with snatch hooks
(braided lines recommended)

10/0

2 ounce

5/0
Fishing Rods with Snatch Hooks

- A casting rod generally has the most range
- Cast over top and reel in until you feel the hook at the alligator. Don’t worry about setting the hook under the hide, chances are you won’t, just a quick sharp jerk
- Keep tension on the line
- Ideally get a harpoon or other line attached when possible.
Fishing Rods with Snatch Hooks

Know the body positioning of the alligator before casting

Alligators can be horizontal….or angled sharply downward
Snares and Snare Poles

tape designed to break away
Snare / Noose

Can be used as a capture technique OR as the boatside restraining line.
Do not depend on only one method of capture

Be flexible…..the situation may dictate your capture device (i.e. no snatch hooks in weedy/woody areas). Equipment failure could also ruin the hunt.
Decisions… Decisions…

• Already know what your goal is before you “pull the trigger”
• Be ready
• Be quiet
• Keep lights between the gator and boat (don’t shine the inside of the boat, you’ll lose your night vision)
• Never harpoon or arrow a gator unless you are sure it is a size that meets your goal.
Length Estimation

- Each inch in length from front of eye to nostrils = 1 foot of total length

8” snout = 8’ total length

R. Flynt, MDWFP
Alligator Hunting Season

- Know how your equipment works before going afield.
- Practice with your chosen equipment at the appropriate elevation (est. boat height off water’s surface).
- Every member of the crew should have an assigned task.
  - Boat driver
  - primary capture device
  - secondary device
  - spotlighter
  - boatside snare/rope
  - dispatch, etc.
Alligator Hunting Season

- Everyone should have a roll of electrical tape on hand to secure the alligator’s mouth. Duct tape may not grip well when wet.

- Brightly colored electrical tape is easily seen and a good reminder that animal’s mouth is taped (or still taped).

- Carry hand sanitizer and/or bleach & water solution. Disinfect any cut or scrape immediately after contact.
Alligator Hunting Season

- Make sure you have *at least one* back up capture device and extra capture supplies (additional points, hooks, arrows, rod, etc.) in case of breakage, loss overboard, etc.
- At a minimum you should have a rod and snatch hook for backup in addition to the primary capture device.
Alligator Hunting Season

Minimum Equipment Needs

- Lifejacket for everyone on board
- Primary capture device
- Rod and reel with extra snatch hooks
- Spotlights and backup spotlight (headlights beneficial)
- Rope and/or snare to attach boat side
- Bang stick or handgun
- Knife (to sever spine, cut rope, etc.)
- Electrical tape for everyone on board
- Hunting licenses (and nonresident hunting fee as needed)
- At least one permit and unused harvest tag
- Float plan
Alligator Hunting Season

Float plan – *Let someone know your plans!*
- Where you are going specifically
- When you plan to return
- Who is with you
- Make & model of vehicle and watercraft and where launching boat (boat ramp name/location)
- DNR officers cannot reasonably hope to look for someone without knowing where to start!
- See floatplancentral.org for more information.

Alligator Hunting Season -Safety

Insist that everyone on board wear a life jacket at all times!

- Attention & commotion will be focused at one end/side of the boat = chaos
- Likely to be boating night (additional unseen hazards)
- Boat could get swamped by improper loading or handling of a large alligator.
- Watch alcohol consumption – which can lead unsafe actions
Safety

- Watch for lines at your feet. You don’t want to get tangled in the lines attached to the alligator.
- Be careful about wrapping hands with lines. Pull up excess line hand over hand and allow line to pile up in the water, a bucket, or toss well to your side and not at your feet.

Note: Most people prefer to stay in the boat when hunting alligators.
Safety

- Do not try to rush an alligator, wear it down!
- When the alligator rolls near the boat allow any lines or ropes to go with it. If you hold a rope too tight, an alligator can potentially roll up the rope and into the boat.

Note: Most people prefer to have to live alligators stay out of their boat
Dispatching Techniques

- Bangsticks
- Handguns
- Cervical dislocation (sharp knife, hatchet, or other sharp device to sever the spine).
Bangsticks
Bangsticks

Do not load the bangstick until ready to use and keep safety pin in place until you are *in position* to dispatch the alligator.

Slips or falls could injure or kill someone, or shoot a hole in a boat

Safety pin
Look for the bony ridge where the skull ends and the neck begins. Aim just behind the bony ridge.
Proper shot location is critical!

Discharge the bangstick *under the water’s surface*

Same location for handgun – Do NOT shoot between the eyes or top of the skull!
Bangsticks

- Discharge the bangstick *under the water’s* surface to prevent flying debris and reduce noise (10-15” underwater)
Securing the mouth

A gaff or rope can be used to get the eyes to the side of the boat making it easier to tape the mouth
Always secure mouth:
Never assume the alligator is dead!

R. Flynt, MDWFP
Aeromonas hydrophila

- Most common of a few very dangerous organisms* associated with alligators, especially in and around the animal’s mouth.

If injured by contact with an alligator:
- Apply disinfectant immediately
- If injury is from a bite, or otherwise associated with the alligator’s mouth, seek medical attention.
- Advise physician of alligator-related injury
- Mention *Aeromonas hydrophila* to your doctor.

*Others include *Enterobacter agglomerans, Citrobacter diversus, Proteus spp., Pseudomonas spp., Serratia spp.*, and *Clostridium spp.*
Securing Legs

A presumably “dead” alligator may magically climb out of the boat or get enough leverage to whip its tail around!

You or someone else could go overboard.
Attaching the Tag: must be attached within 6” of the tip of the tail.

Notice bottom seam line running along the bottom side of the tail.
Tagging

Alligators tags are numbered and color-coded. Each successful applicant is assigned a specific tag number. *Do not allow children - or overly curious adults - to play with the tag!* Invariably they will lock it together rendering it useless. We do not have “extra” tags to replace lost or misused tags.

- Alligator Hunting – “SC Alligator 2022”
- CITES – “SC MIS”
Transportation

Smaller alligator usually don’t pose too many transportation issues.....

However, very large alligators can weigh well over 700 lbs and will require heavy equipment, sufficient manpower, ramps, or backing a trailer or pickup into water....

*Plan ahead!*
Make arrangements to cool the carcass within 4 hours of harvest and even sooner in hotter temperatures.
Processing

• Processing an alligator is significantly more involved than you may be used to with deer.

• Allocate several hours for processing or take animal to one of the several alligator processors in the state.

• Cool/ice the meat as you remove it. All meat is edible.

• Do not “field dress” or gut an alligator.

R. Flynt, MDWFP
Processing

- Skins must be thoroughly fleshed & salted if to be kept
- Alligator hides can be made into a variety of leather products
Harvest Reports

- A harvest report must be completed within 24 hours of harvesting an alligator & submitted within 5 days.
- **ALL** permitted alligator hunters must file a harvest report by November 1 in order to be eligible for the next year’s hunt.

*Includes those that did not kill an alligator and those that did not hunt*
Fill out top portion and remember to include tag #
If you hunted but were not successful check this box.
If you did not hunt, check here.
Fill out harvest info and be as specific as you can about the location where alligator was taken.

Sex can be determined by probing the vent for the presence of absence of male genitalia. If unsure, select “unknown.”
For method of take, list the first method used to get control of the alligator.

- Hook & Line
- Bow
- Crossbow
- Snare
- Harpoon
- Gig

Other (describe): ___

# of Hunting Trips: ___

Date: ___

INSTRUCTIONS: All hunters (whether you hunted or not) are required to complete and submit this form by November 1 to SCDNR Alligator Project PO Box 167 Columbia, SC 29202.

Successful hunters must complete this form within 24 hours of taking an alligator, and submit the form to the address at left (or fax) within 5 days of harvest. Forms may be faxed to 803-734-3691.
Number of hunting trips. Just list the number of times you went hunting regardless if it was a full day or ran over to the next morning.

Check whether you hired a guide.
South Carolina Public Alligator Harvest Report

Report Deadline is November 1st. All Public Alligator Hunting Participants must complete and submit this form regardless of whether or not an alligator was taken. All applications must be postmarked by November 1st. Failure to submit report will make the hunter ineligible to apply for or participate in the following season’s hunt.

NOTE: This form must be completed within 24 hours of harvesting an alligator and submitted to the address at the bottom of this form within 5 days. This form may be faxed to 803-734-3691

Permitted Hunter’s Information:
First Name   JOHN
Last Name    SMITH
Address      1234 MAIN STREET
City         COLUMBIA
State        SC
Zip          29202
Phone        803-555-6666
Email        JOHN.SMITH@EMAIL.COM

Harvest Tag #: 10152

You MUST Provide Tag number whether or not an alligator was taken or whether or not you hunted.

Harvest Information:  
☐ Did Not Hunt  ☐ Hunted, Did Not Harvest an Alligator  
(If checked, sign and return form)  (Do not check if you did not hunt)
Date of Harvest:  Sep 17, 2022
Time:  11:30 AM
County of Harvest:  Calhoun

Exact Location of Harvest:  Lake Marion at the south side of the RR trestle at Lone Star

Hunt Unit:  X Midlands  
☐ Southern Coastal  ☐ Middle Coastal  ☐ Pee Dee

Carcass Length (in Feet & Inches):  10 Feet and 6 Inches
Weight (if Measured):  255 Pounds

Sex (Check one):  X Male  ☐ Female  ☐ Unknown

Total Meat Yield:  80 Pounds  ☐ Hide Sold  ☐ Hide Kept  ☐ Hide Discarded  ☐ Hide Given Away

Method of Take: (If more than one device is used, list the device used to attach first line)
☒ Hook & Line  ☐ Bow  ☐ Crossbow  ☐ Snare  ☐ Harpoon  ☐ Gig
☐ Other (describe):

# of Hunting Trips:  5

Did you hire a guide on any of your trips?  ☒ Did not hire a guide

Permittee’s Signature:
John Smith
Date:  Sep 18, 2022

INSTRUCTIONS: All hunters (whether you hunted or not) are required to complete and submit this form by November 1 to:
SCDNR Alligator Project
PO Box 167
Columbia, SC 29202

Successful hunters must complete this form within 24 hours of taking an alligator, and submit the form to the address at left (or fax) within 5 days of harvest.

Forms may be faxed to 803-734-3691
Successful hunters must submit form within 5 days of harvest.

Unsuccessful hunter must send form postmarked by November 1st.

Harvest form may be faxed instead of mailed.

Working on an online submission form. You might be able to email report or file online.
Sales or Transfer of Alligator Products

- Alligator meat from animals taken during the Public Alligator Hunt *may not* be sold.
- Alligator meat may be given to others provided labeling provisions are met.
- Alligator hides or parts may be sold
- Keep personal records to whom parts were sold, bartered or transferred.
Labeling & Identification

- Parts other than hides, which require a physical tag, must also be clearly labeled “SC Alligator” along with year and harvest tag number.
- All packages of alligator meat must be clearly labeled “SC Alligator” “not for sale” along with the year and harvest tag number, harvester’s name and pounds of meat contained in the package.
- In some cases, a CITES tag will be attached to the hide instead of a harvest tag (when required for processing or sale).
CITES Tagging

- CITES – The Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species tags are used to ensure legally taken American alligator hides will not be confused with endangered Crocodillian species when entered into international trade (alligators are simply a “look-alike” species whose hide could be confused with other similar species such as the endangered American Crocodile)

- CITES tags are issued by the US Fish and Wildlife Service to the states to distribute to demonstrate legal acquisition of a CITES listed species.
CITES Tagging

• CITES tags will only be issued when requested for those alligators destined for sale, export, or if needed for hide processing*.

• The CITES tag will replace the SC harvest tag
  ▪ Must make prior arrangements at designated DNR offices

*Amtan in Griffin, GA requires a CITES tag to contract tan an alligator hide
Alligator Season CITES Tag Locations

* Prior arrangements must be made by calling a DNR office location to ensure a CITES tag can be issued at your desired time and date. The hide (or whole alligator) must be brought in order to exchange the harvest tag with a CITES tag.

Clemson Office
864-654-1671 ext. 24

Columbia Office
803-734-3886

Dennis Wildlife Center
843-825-3387

Webb Center
803-625-3569

Florence Office
843-661-4766

Samworth WMA
843-546-9489

Donnelley WMA
843-893-9300
843-844-8957

Alligator Management Units
- 1 - Southern Coastal
- 2 - Middle Coast
- 3 - Midlands
- 4 - Pee Dee
- No Alligator Season

South Carolina Department of Natural Resources
Columbia, South Carolina
Technology Development Program

DNR
March 2008
Questions?

SCDNR
Alligator Project
PO Box 167
Columbia, SC 29202
803-734-3609

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